

Can metal oxides be used for hydrogen production using concentrated solar energy?

Abanades, S. Metal oxides applied to thermochemical water-splitting for hydrogen production using concentrated solar energy. Chem. Eng. 2019, 3, 63, DOI: 10.3390/chemengineering3030063 Linic, S.; Christopher, P.; Ingram, D. B. Plasmonic-metal nanostructures for efficient conversion of solar to chemical energy. Nat.

How can solar energy improve hydrogen production?

Improving hydrogen production using solar energy involves developing efficient solar thermochemical cycles, such as the copper-chlorine cycle, and integrating them better with solar thermal systems. Advancements in photolysis for direct solar-to-hydrogen conversion and improving the efficiency of water electrolysis with solar power are crucial.

Does water oxidation produce hydrogen peroxide?

The hydrogen peroxide ( $H_2O_2$ ) produced by a two-electron pathway from water oxidation has recently been the focus of redesigned PEC technologies, which will be significant and important for unassisted PEC systems that use only light, water, and oxygen to simultaneously produce electricity and high-value-added  $H_2O_2$  by redox coupling of  $H_2O$ .

Can solar-powered redox processes improve sustainability?

Integrating reforming into solar-powered redox processes takes a large step towards improving the sustainability of fuel and chemical production processes in circular chemical industries and could ultimately find large-scale applications in the form of solar-powered reforming plants or solar refineries.

Can a solar-driven hydrogen and electricity production be optimized with SOEC?

In a study by A. Dadak et al., a solar-driven hydrogen and electricity production with SOEC was studied and optimized. The study uses a parabolic dish collector, a thermal energy storage unit (TES), a thermoelectric generator (TEG), and SOEC.

Does surface modification enhance solar hydrogen evolution from water?

Zhao, J., Minegishi, T., Zhang, L., et al.: Enhancement of solar hydrogen evolution from water by surface modification with CdS and  $TiO_2$  on porous  $CuInS_2$  photocathodes prepared by an electrodeposition-sulfurization method. Angew.

Solar photovoltaic (PV) power generation is the process of converting energy from the sun into electricity using solar panels. Solar panels, also called PV panels, are combined into arrays in a PV system. PV systems ...

The energy and operation costs have always been a bottleneck, restricting the development of rural sewage

treatment. This work proposes a biocontact oxidation process driven by battery ...

The unpredictable nature of photovoltaic solar power generation, caused by changing weather conditions, creates challenges for grid operators as they work to balance supply and demand. ...

Thermal-power cycles operating with supercritical carbon dioxide (sCO<sub>2</sub>) could have a significant role in future power generation systems with applications including fossil ...

Hydrogen (H<sub>2</sub>) has emerged as a clean and versatile energy carrier to power a carbon-neutral economy for the post-fossil era. Hydrogen generation from low-cost and renewable biomass by virtually inexhaustible solar energy presents an ...

Hence, the solar collector area can be smaller for a given amount of power generation, or, conversely, more power can be generated for a given collector area. The IOC requires a bus ...

The high-temperature oxidation resistance of AISI 321 stainless steel for solar thermal power generation heat exchanger highly determines its service life. Therefore, in this ...

The hydrogen production from water-splitting using solar-driven thermochemical redox cycles based on metal oxide reactions is an attractive route for sustainable and carbon-neutral solar fuel generation.

Oxidation of waste-derived substrates such as alcohols, sugars or aldehydes substantially lowers the energy barrier; solar reforming of glycerol ( $C_3H_8O_3 + 3H_2O \rightarrow 3CO_2 + 7H_2$ ; ?G ...

